

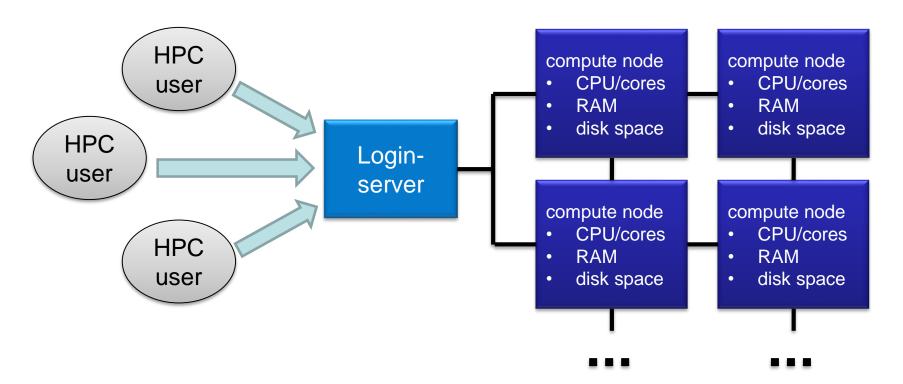
Introduction to High-Performance Computing

Session 02
Basic Cluster Usage
and Job Scheduler



Basic Usage HPC Cluster

many users share a single HPC cluster (resource)





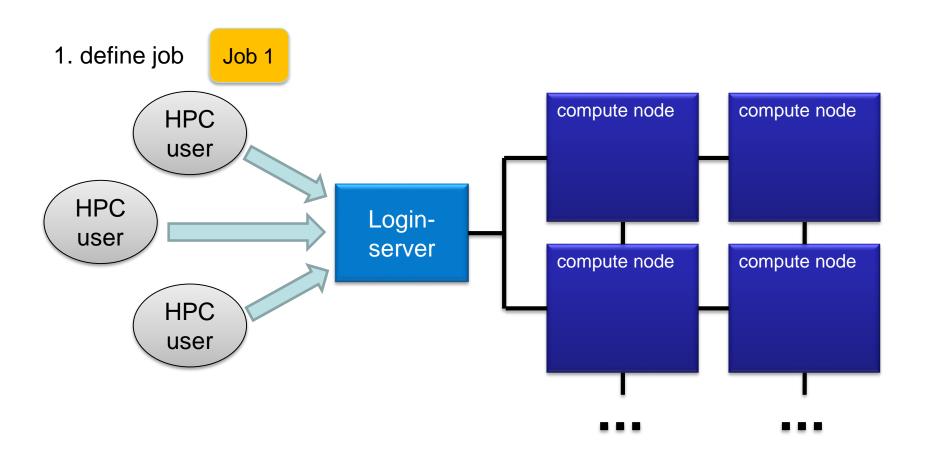
Basic Usage HPC Cluster

- many users share a single HPC cluster (resource)
- requires management of the resources
 - for fair sharing
 - for efficient usage
- possible strategies
 - users find free resource and use it
 - part of the resource is reserved for a (group of) user(s)
 - Resource Manager and Job Scheduler

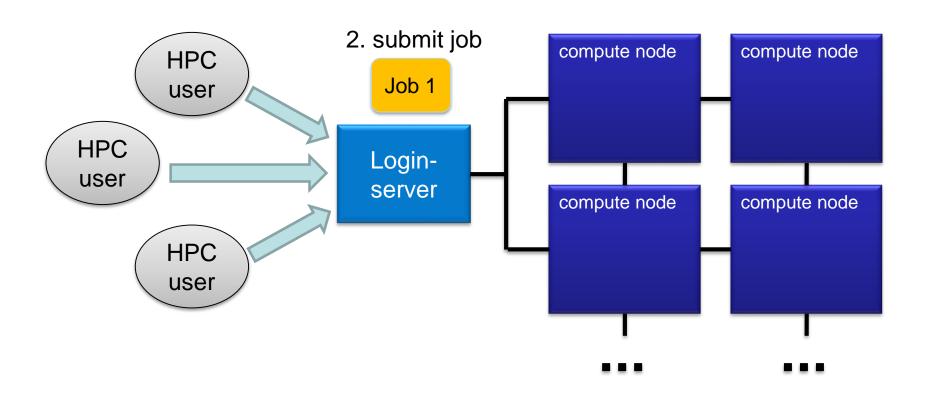


- RM provides low-level functionality for managing jobs
 - start, hold, cancel, and monitor jobs
 - functionality needed by the job scheduler
- JS provides functionality to define and submit jobs
 - interface to RM functionality for the user
 - jobs are scheduled for optimal usage of resource, taking into account fair sharing and other requirements (priority)
- typically RM and JS are in one application

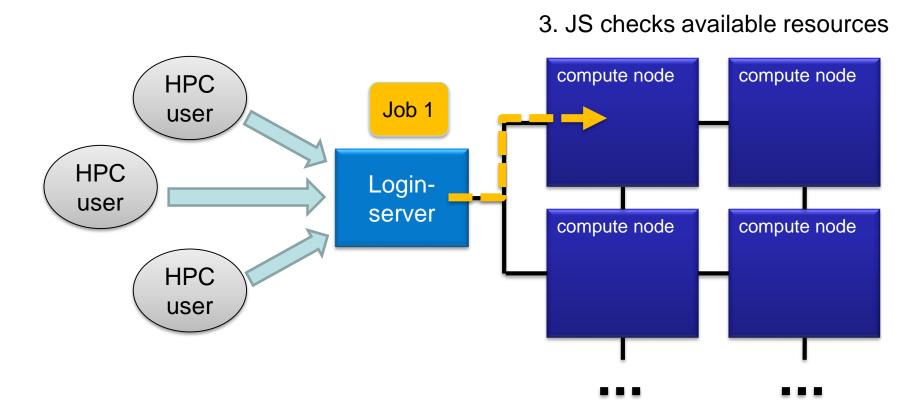




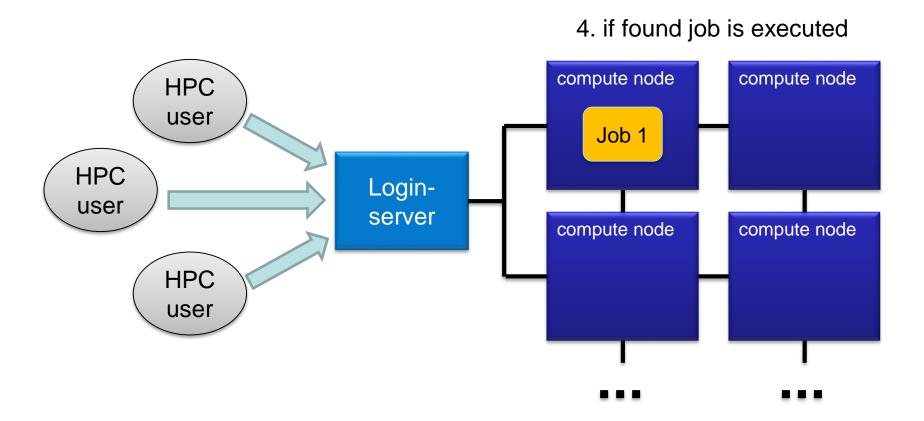




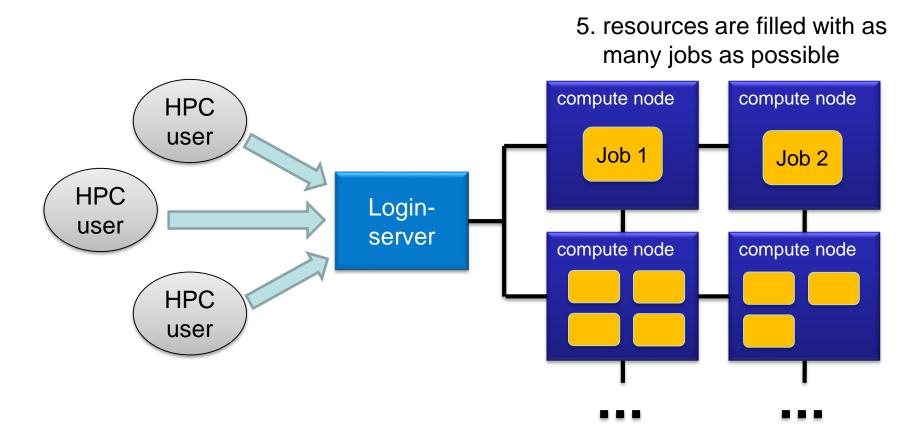






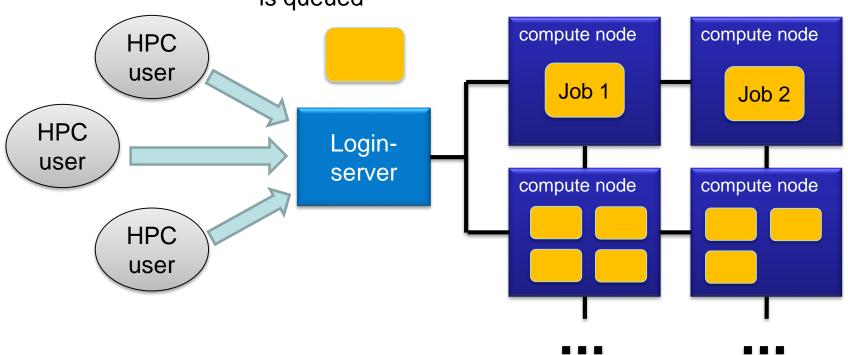








6. if a job is requesting more resources than available it is queued





- there many Resource Manager and Job Scheduler applications available
 - PBS/Torque
 - SLURM (used on the current HPC clusters)
 - LSF
 - SGE (was used on the old HPC clusters)
 - LoadLeveler
 - **–** ...

the examples in this course will use SLURM but the principles are the same for all Job Schedulers

(see e.g. http://slurm.schedmd.com/rosetta.pdf)



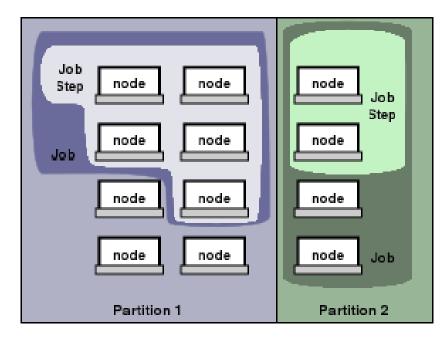
Tasks of a Job Scheduler

- handling job requests by users (submission, deletion,...)
- prioritize jobs based on the set rules and policies
- place jobs in queue until resources become available
- organize workload on the HPC system for optimal load
- send jobs to the execution host (compute node)
- monitor running jobs
- log files
 - stdout and stderr of jobs
 - accounting information of finished jobs
- terminate job if it use more resources than requested



SLURMs System View

- compute nodes are the basic resource
- compute nodes are organized in partitions
 - logical sets
 - may overlap
- resources are allocated to jobs
 - jobs may contain multiple job steps



(see https://slurm.schedmd.com/overview.html)



Basic Usage of SLURM



Important SLURM Commands

Command	Used for
squeue	overview of jobs in the scheduler queue
sinfo	information about SLURM nodes and partitions
sacct	accounting information about jobs
sbatch	submit jobs to the scheduler
srun	allocate resources if needed and launch a job step within an job allocation
scancel	delete queued or running jobs
scontrol	manage jobs (limited) and more

to get information about commands visit https://slurm.schedmd.com/documentation.html or use

\$ man <command>



squeue

get information about jobs in the scheduler queue

```
$ squeue
  JOBID PARTITION
                      NAME
                              USER ST
                                            TIME
                                                  NODES NODELIST (REASON)
2580499 all nodes ofparamt hoga9120 PD
                                            0:00
                                                    16 (ArrayTaskLimit)
1196528
           eddy.p
                   300ren guab0721 R 18-21:40:13
                                                       1 cfd1054
1229276
          carl.p crystal wexo7212 R 16-03:57:31
                                                       1 mpcs023
           carl.p crystal wexo7212 R 16-03:56:11
                                                       1 mpcs093
1229277
           carl.p crystal wexo7212
                                    R 16-03:54:47
                                                       1 mpcs016
1229278
```

- use the option -u \$USER to only show your own jobs
- the option -1 gives additional information, output can also be adjusted as needed
- jobs can be shown depending on partition, state, ...



sacct

accounting information about jobs

\$ sacct -j 2303252								
JobID	JobName	Partition	Account	AllocCPUS	State	ExitCode		
2303252	HelloClus+	mpcs.p	hrz	8	COMPLETED	0:0		
2303252.bat+	batch		hrz	2	COMPLETED	0:0		
2303252.0	orted		hrz	3	COMPLETED	0:0		

- option -1 for long format, or --format= to specify output
- use sacct -e to see possible output formats
- per default sacct shows all jobs of user on the current day



sinfo

information about nodes and partitions

```
$ sinfo -p mpcs.p
PARTITION AVAIL TIMELIMIT NODES STATE NODELIST
mpcs.p up 21-00:00:0 1 drain mpcs025
            up 21-00:00:0 61
                                  mix mpcs[002,004,007,009,015,018-
mpcs.p
019,022,024,026-027,029-031,034,036-038,041,044,046-050,052-
053,069,072,075,078-082,084-087,089-092,099-102,104-107,110-112,114-
116,119,123,149,152]
            up 21-00:00:0 76 alloc mpcs[001,005-006,011-014,016-
mpcs.p
017,020-021,023,032-033,039-040,042-043,045,051,054-068,071,073-
074,083,088,093-098,108-109,113,117,120-122,133-148,151,153-158]
            up 21-00:00:0 20
                                  idle mpcs[003,008,010,028,035,070,076-
mpcs.p
077,103,118,124-132,150]
```

give idea about used and free resources on cluster



- allows to submit a job with sbatch [options] <job-script>
 - one mandatory option is -p to set the partition

```
$ cat HelloWorld_v1.job
#/bin/bash

# execute these commands
sleep 10
echo "Hello World from `hostname`"
$ . HelloWorld_v1.job
Hello World from hpcl001
$ sbatch -p carl.p HelloWorld_v1.job
Submitted batch job 2582937
$ squeue -u $USER
$ ls
... slurm-2582937.out ...
```



- options allow to specify requested resources and other settings
 - options have long formation and sometimes short format as well



- alternatively, sbatch options are specified in job script
 - SLURM options begin with #SBATCH (a special comment)
 - then similar to cmd-line option, e.g #SBATCH -p carl.p
 - cmd-line options overwrite specifications in script

```
$ sbatch HelloWorld_v2.job
Submitted batch job 2583091
$
```



HelloWorld_v2.sge

```
$ cat HelloWorld v2.job
#!/bin/bash
###### SLURM options begin
### general settings
#SBATCH --partition=carl.p
#SBATCH --job-name=HelloWorld
#SBATCH --output=HelloWorld.o%j
### requested resources
#SBATCH --time=0:10:00 # max runtime
#SBATCH --mem=1G
                           # max memory
###### SLURM options end
# execute these commands
sleep 10
echo "Hello World from `hostname`"
```



Options for **SBATCH**

https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html

Option	Short Form	Description
job-name=JobName	-J JobName	sets a name for job which is display in the queue
partion= <partition></partition>	-p <partition></partition>	(comma-separated list of) partition(s) where the job should run, no default
output= <filename>error=<filename></filename></filename>	-o <filename> -e <filename></filename></filename>	output files for STDOUT and STDERR, default is join in slurm-%j.out
ntasks= <n></n>	-n <n></n>	number of tasks (e.g. for MPI parallel jobs)
mem-per-cpu= <m></m>		memory per core/task, optional
mem= <m></m>		memory per node, exclusive with above
mail-type= <mt>mail-user=</mt>		mail settings



what happens when a job is submitted?

- during the execution of sbatch
 - SLURM makes a copy of your job script (changes after submission have no effect)
 - if SLURM accepts job a job ID is returned
 - SLURM may also reject a job, should return error message
- after execution of sbatch
 - SLURM computes job priority (many factors are counted)
 - places the job in the queue
 - executes the job script when resoures become available



Partitions

- in SLURM job limits are defined for each partition
 - partitions know about and manage available resource of the compute nodes
 - other limits (e.g. maximum run time) can be imposed
 - jobs are placed in a partition only if the requested resources fit
 - jobs can be placed in more than one partition (different partitions may have access to different resources)
 - you need to specify at least one partition
 - if you do not specify resources defaults will be used
 - information about partitions (for experts) with scontrol



scontrol

\$ scontrol show part mpcs.p

PartitionName=mpcs.p AllowGroups=carl,hrz AllowAccounts=ALL

AllowQos=ALL AllocNodes=ALL Default=NO QoS=N/A

DefaultTime=02:00:00 DisableRootJobs=YES ExclusiveUser=NO

TraceTime=0 Hidden=NO MaxNodes=UNLIMITED MaxTime=21-00:00:00

MinNodes=1 LLN=NO MaxCPUsPerNode=24 Nodes=mpcs[001-158]

PriorityJobFactor=1 PriorityTier=1 RootOnly=NO ReqResv=NO

OverSubscribe=NO PreemptMode=OFF State=UP TotalCPUs=3792

TotalNodes=158 SelectTypeParameters=NONE DefMemPerCPU=10375

MaxMemPerNode=249000



Partitions

- partitions can be considered job queues
 - each node type has its own partition
 - partitions define the available resources and set defaults

Partition	NodeType	CPUs	Default RunTime	Default Memory	Misc	
mpcs.p	MPC-STD	24		10 375M		
mpcl.p	MPC-LOM	24		5 000M		
mpcb.p	MPC-BIG	16	2h	30G	2x GTX 1080 in mpcb[001-4]	
mpcp.p	MPC-PP	40		50G		
mpcg.p	MPC-GPU	24		10 375M	1-2x Tesla P100 GPU	
carl.p	combines mpcl.p and mpcs.p					



Information about Finished Jobs

- output from job script is written to SLURM output file
 - per default STDOUT and STDERR are written to the same file
 - default name of output file is slurm-<jobid>.out
 - behavior can be modified with options --output and --error
- running and finished jobs can also be analyzed with sacct
 - get information about runtime, CPU time, memory usage
 - See
 https://wiki.hpcuser.uni-oldenburg.de/index.php?title=Information on used Resources



Job Control

- delete a job
 - use scancel <jobID>
- change job details
 - in principle e.g. with
 scontrol update jobid=<jobid> TimeLimit=0:05:00
 - limitations on what can be changed, also dependent on state of job
 - examples for possible (and useful) changes:
 - reduce TimeLimit (only admins can increase)
 - change Partition while job is pending



Practical Part



Practical Part

- 1. Try the HelloWorld Example
- 2. Use the sacct command to analyse job
 - Use the job with id 21082409
 - b. How long was the job running? On which nodes?
 - c. How much memory was used?
 - d. What else can you say about the job?
- 3. Use the **squeue** and **sinfo** commands to get information about the cluster
 - a. How many jobs are running? How many are pending?
 - b. What is the status of the nodes in the partition mpcl.p?